## TREATY SERIES, No. 500

# CONVENTION

BETWEEN THE

# UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

# ARBITRATION

SIGNED AT WASHINGTON, MARCH 24, 1908
RATIFICATION ADVISED BY THE SENATE, APRIL 2, 1908
RATIFIED BY THE PRESIDENT, MAY 29, 1908
RATIFIED BY MEXICO, MAY 30, 1908
RATIFICATIONS EXCHANGED AT WASHINGTON, JUNE 27, 1908
PROCLAIMED, JUNE 29, 1908

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By the President of the United States of America.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a Convention between the United States of America and the Government of Mexico, providing for the submission to arbitration of all questions of a legal nature or relating to the interpretation of treaties, which may arise between the two countries and which it may not have been possible to settle by diplomacy, was concluded and signed by their respective Plenipotentiaries at Washington, on the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and eight, the original of which Convention, being in the English and Spanish languages, is word for word as follows:

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of Mexico, signatories of the Convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes, concluded at The Hague on the

29th of July, 1899;

Taking into consideration that by Article XIX of that Convention the High Contracting Parties have reserved to themselves the right of concluding Agreements, with a view to referring to arbitration all questions which they shall consider possible to submit to such treatment;

Have authorized the Undersigned to conclude the following

arrangement:

#### ARTICLE I.

Differences which may arise whether of a legal nature or relative to the interpretation of the treaties existing between the two contracting parties and which it may not have been possible to settle by diplomacy, in case no other arbitration should have been agreed upon, shall be referred to the Permanent Court of Arbitration established at The Hague by the Convention of the

El Gobierno de los Estados Unidos de América y el Gobierno de México, signatarios de la Convención para el arreglo pacífico de las controversias internacionales concluída en El Haya el 29 de Julio de 1899;

Tomando en consideración que por el artículo XIX de dicha Convención las Altas Partes Contratantes se reservaron el derecho de ajustar arreglos con la mira de someter á arbitramento todas las cuestiones que consideren susceptibles de tal procedimientos;

Han autorizado á los infrascritos, respectivamente para concluir el que sigue:

## ARTÍCULO I.

Las diferencias que puedan suscitarse, ya sean de naturaleza jurídica ó relativas á la interpretación de los Tratados existentes entre las dos Partes Contratantes y que no hayan podido arreglarse por la diplomacia, siempre que no se hubiere convenido en otro arbitraje, serán sometidas á la Corte Permanente establecida en El Haya por la Convención del 29 de Julio de 1899, con tal que no

29th July 1899, provided that they do not affect the vital interests, the independence, or the honor of either of the contracting parties and do not prejudice the interests of a third party.

#### ARTICLE II.

In each individual case, the High Contracting Parties, before appealing to the Permanent Court of Arbitration, shall conclude a special agreement defining clearly the matter in dispute, the scope of the powers of the Arbitrators and the periods to be fixed for the formation of the Arbitral Tribunal and the several stages of the procedure. It is understood that such special agreements shall be made by the Presidents of both contracting countries by and with the advice and consent of their respective Senates.

#### ARTICLE III.

The foregoing stipulations in no wise annul, but on the contrary define, confirm and continue in effect the declarations and rules contained in Article XXI of the Treaty of peace, friendship and boundaries between the United States and Mexico signed at the city of Guadalupe Hidalgo on the second of February one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

#### ARTICLE IV.

The present Convention shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof; and by the Government of Mexico in accordance with its constitution and laws. The ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington as soon as possible, and the Convention shall take effect on the date of the exchange of its ratifications.

afecten los intereses vitales, la independencia ó el honor de alguna de las dos Partes Contratantes y que no perjudiquen intereses de tercero.

#### ARTÍCULO II.

En cada caso particular, las Altas Partes Contratantes antes de apelar al Tribunal Permanente de Arbitraje, deberán concluir un arreglo especial en que claramente se defina el asunto en cuestión, el alcance de las facultades de los arbitros y los términos que se fijen para la formación del Tribunal Arbitral y los diferentes trámites del procedimiento. Queda entendido que tales convenios especiales serán celebrados por los Presidentes de uno y otro país contratante, con aprobacion de los Senados respectivos.

#### ARTÍCULO III.

Las precedentes estipulaciones en ninguna manera derogan, sino antes bien puntualizan, confirman y dejan subsistentes las declaraciones y reglas contenidas en el artículo XXI del tratado de paz. amistad y límites entre los Estados Unidos de America y México firmado en la ciudad de Guadalupe Hidalgo á dos de febrero de mil ochocientos cuarenta y ocho.

#### ARTÍCULO IV.

La presente Convención deberá ser ratificada por el Presidente de los Estados Unidos de América, por y con el consejo y el consentimiento del Senado de los mismos; y por el Gobierno de México en conformidad con su Constitución y leves. Las ratificaciones deberán ser canjeadas en Washington tan pronto como fuere posible y la Convención surtirá sus efectos en la fecha de dicho canje de las ratificaciones.

## ARTICLE V.

The present Convention is concluded for a period of five years dating from the day of the ex-

change of its ratifications.

Done in duplicate at the City of Washington, in the English and Spanish languages, this twenty-fourth day of March in the year 1908.

#### ARTÍCULO V.

El presente arreglo durará cinco años que se contarán á partir de la fecha del canje de las ratificaciones:

Hecho por duplicado en la ciudad de Washington, en inglés y en español el veinte y cuatro de marzo de 1908.

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ELIHU ROOT [SEAL]
JOSÉ F. GODOY [SEAL]

And whereas the said Convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the ratifications of the two Governments were exchanged in the City of Washington, on the twenty-seventh day of June, one

thousand nine hundred and eight;

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, have caused the said Convention to be made public, to end that the same and every article and clause thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused

the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this twenty-ninth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL] eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and thirty-second.

Theodore Roosevelt

By the President:
ROBERT BACON
Acting Secretary of State.



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